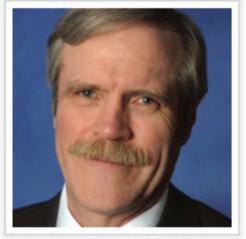


The Alabama Climate Report

Brought to you by the Office of the Alabama Climatologist

Volume 4, Number 5, February 2014



Dr. John Christy, Alabama State Climatologist

Welcome to national Severe Weather Preparedness Week.

Unfortunately, Alabama had its first 2014 brush of destructive weather on Feb. 20, just one week after our most recent round of snow. As many as five tornadoes dropped onto the state that night, causing widespread damage to buildings, property and trees in Lauderdale, Limestone and DeKalb counties.

The storm system also dumped up to five inches on rain across its front, while straight-line wind gusts of more than 50 mph were widespread. A gust of 71 mph was reported at the Huntsville International Airport.

It would not have seemed a likely time for a weather system of that kind to sweep the state, coming as it did so soon on the heels of a major winter weather event. Widespread snow from Feb. 11 to 13 led to accumulations over 10 inches in some areas, although much of that snow scarcely lasted through the morning of Feb. 14.

Statewide, the southeastern quarter of Alabama was slightly warmer than average in February while the rest of the state was cooler than normal, especially in the most northern tier of counties. For the winter as a whole, all major stations reported a colder than average season, with the western and northern sections experiencing the largest departures from average.

February 2014

Troy

Temperature departures

from seasonal norms

Huntsville -2.8°
Muscle Shoals -1.9°
Birmingham -1.7°
Tuscaloosa -1.1°
Mobile -0.9°
Dothan +0.4°
Montgomery +0.7°

Winter 2013-14 (Dec.-Feb.) Temperature departures from seasonal norms Huntsville -3.3°

+1.3°

Mobile	-2.9°
Birmingham	-2.8°
Muscle Shoals	-2,2°
Tuscaloosa	-2.2°
Montgomery	-1.1°
Dothan	-0.8°
Troy	-0.8°

But cold or snow or not, we live in an area prone to frequent outbreaks of thunderous weather. While most storms generate nothing more noteworthy than a little rain and thunder, we should be prepared for those storms that do much worse.

This March 27 is the 20th anniversary of the Palm Sunday outbreak of tornadoes that killed 42 people and injured 320 others between Alabama and the Carolinas, including the 20 people who died and 90 who were injured when an EF-3 tornado hit the Goshen United Methodist Church in Cherokee County, Ala.

Next month will be the 40th anniversary of the April 3, 1974, tornado super outbreak that generated ten tornadoes in Alabama, including three EF-5 tornadoes. Seventy-seven people in the state were killed and hundreds were injured. Much of downtown Guin was quite literally swept off the map, down to the foundations.

Of course, we don't have to go back that far to make the point that while Alabama gets tornadoes during ever month of the year, March is the real beginning of the peak tornado season. That includes March 2013, when ten people were injured by two tornadoes on March 18.

Alabamian's first line of defense in tornado awareness is provided by our National Weather Service offices. When it comes to severe weather, it is good to know that a NOAA weather forecaster has his or her eyeballs on all of the weather information, 24/7, in your county. Four NWS offices serve the state (see map) as they keep track of everything in their "County Warning Areas" or CWAs. Each works closely with adjacent NWS offices to issue watches and warnings because severe storms don't stop at county lines.

Alabama is also served well by a multitude of broadcast meteorologists, who provide real-time explanations and updates of unfolding events to keep us informed. Serving many of these on-air weather warners are private companies, such as Huntsville's Baron Services, who develop state-of-the-art products to give broadcasters high-value visuals of unfolding situations.

With severe weather season upon us, that's why this is a good time to take a few moments to review your own severe weather plans. Identify your safest shelter. Put together an emergency kit, with supplies to last at least three days. Some good information about how to be weather prepared is available online at ready.gov.

- John Christy

U.S. Drought Monitor Alabama



February 25, 2014

(Released Thursday, Feb. 27, 2014) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	90.20	9.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 2/18/2014	88.98	11.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago (1262013	77.20	22.80	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 12/01/2013	97.35	2.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 10/1/2013	96.85	3.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 2060013	88.56	11.44	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:

Brad Rippey

U.S. Department of Agriculture









http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

Alabama Monthly Climate Summaries Feb. 2014

	Station Began	Feb. Mean Feb. Norm	Feb. Hi Temp Record Hi		Feb. Low Temp Record Low		Total Precip. Wettest Feb. Normal Prec. Driest Feb.			Heaviest Day Record Day	
Anniston	2/1903	46.4° 47.3°	73° 84°+	2/22/14 2/23/96	22° 4°	2/27/14 2/17/58	3.95" 4.80"	8.99" 1990 1.19" 1978			
Auburn	1/1893	48.2° 49.9°	73° 82°	2/20/14 2/14/62	25° 7°	2/27/14 2/3/17	4.79° 5.27°	17.61" 1961 1.50" 1943			
Birmingham	1/1930	46.0° 46.8°	72° 83°+	2/23/14 2/23/96	20° 3°	2/27/14 2/17/58	5.37° 4.21°	9.28" 1971 1.31" 1978			
Brewton	4/1977	51.4° 51.0°	77.7* 87°	2/19/14 2/13/62	24.1° 11°+	2/28/14 2/4/70	5.52° 5.67°	12.19" 1982 1.45" 1980			
Calera	9/1900	48.2° 46.5°	74 85°	2/20/14 2/13/62	24° 4°	2/27/14 2/10/79	5.60° 5.32°	15.62" 1961 0.61" 1968			
Clanton	2/1893	46.5° 46.6°	74.2° 84°	2/19/14 2/14/62	22.7° 5°	2/28/14 2/5/96	4.24" 5.48"	10.22" 1998 2.27" 2000			
Courtland		41.4° M	74.2*	2/20/14 M	16.6*	2/27/14 M	5.46° M	M M	1.43	2/2/14 M	
Cullman	7/1907	42.4° M	71.8*	2/20/14 M	14.4*	2/27/14 M	5.65° M	M M	1.97	2/2/14 M	
Decatur	2/1880	41.6° 44.2°	74° 83°	2/20/14 2/14/62	16° -12°	2/27/14 2/13/1899	4.34" 4.88"	12.16" 1938 0.79" 1968			
Dothan	2/1902	53.4° 53.5°	81° 84°	2/20/14 2/25/44	29° 12°	2/28/14 2/3/51	4.80° 4.80°	10.36" 1939 0.93" 1951			
Fairhope	8/1917	M 53.1°	87°	M 2/19/82	3°	M 2/3/51	M 5.47*	11.61" 1983 0.82" 1999		M 2/11/81	
Gadsden	7/1893	41.5° 44.1°	68.3° 82°	2/23/14 2/13/62	18.2* 1°	2/27/14 2/1/66	5.08" 4.91"	10.12" 1990 0.71" 1978			
Gainesville Lock	6/1948	46.4° 47.2°	81.0° 87°	2/20/14 2/14/62	22.4* 9°+	2/27/14 2/6/96	6.11° 4.99°	11.00" 1983 1.55" 2000			
Greensboro	2/1890	47° 50°	80.6° 87°	2/20/14 2/13/62	21.8° 7°	2/27/14 2/4/96	5.72° 5.37°	12.72" 1990 1.64" 2000			
Highland Home	3/1892	50.5° 49.4°	75.9° 86°	2/19/14 2/19/56	25.8* 7°+	2/27/14 2/6/96	6.56" 5.35"	10.78" 1975 1.20" 1980			
Huntsville	1/1959	42.9° 43.8°	73° 83°	2/20/14 2/23/96	19° 1°	2/27/14 2/4/96	6.57° 4.70°	10.14" 1994 0.59" 1978			

Alabama Monthly Climate Summaries Feb. 2013

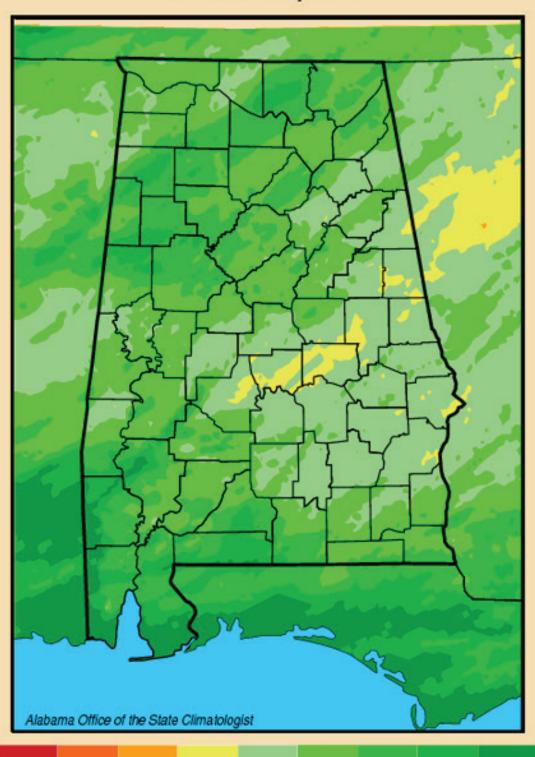
Station	Feb. Mean	Feb. Hi Temp	Feb. Low Temp	Total Precip.	Wettest Feb.	Heaviest Day	
Began	Feb. Norm	Record Hi	Record Lo	Normal Prec.	Driest Feb.	Record Day	
Mobile 3/1900	52.9°	77° 2/19/14	27° 2/7/14	4.20"	11.89" 1983	1.37" 2/21/14	
	53.5°	84° 2/13/62	11°+ 2/5/96	5.10"	1.09" 1999	5.37" 2/10/81	
Montgomery 6/1948	51.2°	80° 2/19/14	24° 2/28/14	5.15"	9.87" 1982	1.31" 2/12/14	
	50.5°	85° 2/13/62	10°+ 2/5/96	5.45"	1.11" 1999	5.54" 2/24/61	
Muscle Shoals 12/1940	43.3°	77° 2/20/14	18° 2/27/14	4.00°	10.74" 1991	1.48" 2/2/14	
	44.6°	83° 2/13/62	-2° 2/18/58	4.46°	0.51" 1978	5.03" 2/12/48	
Russellville 9/1953	41.5°	74.1° 2/20/14	13.1° 2/27/14	5.22"	11.28" 1989	1.48" 2/2/14	
	42.5°	84° 2/24/96	-12°+ 2/19/58	4.81"	0.98" 1972	6.75" 2/19/91	
Scottsboro 10/1891	41.6°	70.9° 2/20/14	15.7° 2/27/14	5.98"	9.60" 1990	1.55" 2/2/14	
	43.0°	82° 2/15/89	-8° 2/1/66	5.22"	0.77" 1978	4.10" 2/16/95	
Selma 1/1895	48.7°	78.3° 2/19/14	22.1° 2/28/14	4.40°	9.97" 1982	0.90" 2/12/14	
	50.5°	85° 2/27/62	9° 2/3/51	4.87°	1.54" 2000	5.31" 2/3/82	
Talladega 2/1888	45.2°	73.0° 2/2/14	19.5° 2/27/14	4.72°	10.37" 1983	1.10" 2/21/14	
	44.9°	84°+ 2/26/77	2° 2/18/58	5.11°	1.20" 1978	4.51" 2/21/61	
Thomasville 9/1891	48.5°	79.4° 2/20/14	22.6° 2/28/14	6.16"	14.37" 1929	1.30" 2/4/14	
	49.9°	86° 2/10/32	-5° 2/13/1899	5.25"	1.27" 2000	7.15" 2/11/1897	
Troy 6/1908	51.2°	81° 2/20/14	23° 2/28/14	5.86°	10.87* 1975	1.40" 2/12/14	
	50.3°	85°+ 2/17/01	10°+ 2/6/96	4.83°	0.93* 2000	5.60" 1/11/81	
Tuscaloosa 6/1948	47.6°	81° 2/20/14	23° 2/27/14	5.63°	12.70" 1983	1.19" 2/2/14	
	49.8°	86° 2/13/62	5° 2/2/51	5.07°	1.73" 1978	5.44" 1/21/61	
Valley Head 1/1893	41.2°	69.3° 2/23/14	13.2° 2/27/14	5.41°	14.73* 1990	1.36" 2/2/14	
	40.6°	80° 2/14/62	-12°+ 1/19/58	5.62°	0.74* 1978	7.39" 2/16/90	
Statewide Feb. 2013	46.8°	81° 4 stations	13.1° Russellville	5.22°	17.61° Auburn	2.23" Dothan	
Feb. Norm	47.5°	87° 4 stations	-12° 3 stations	5.06°	0.59° Huntsville	8.61" Fairhope	

M: Data is missing or not available *New Record #This data is missing this month due to an instrument malfunction

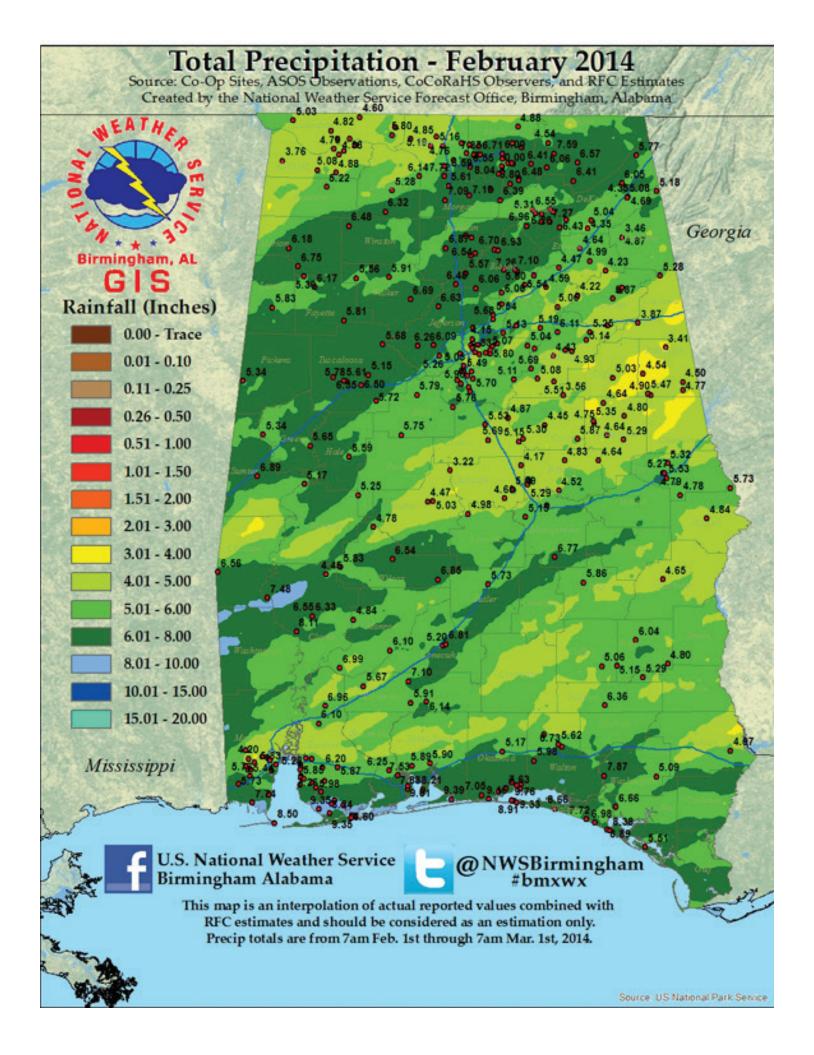
[^] This record differs from long-term data in the AOSC climate database: http://nsstc.uah.edu/alclimate/climate/daily_climate_and_normals.php

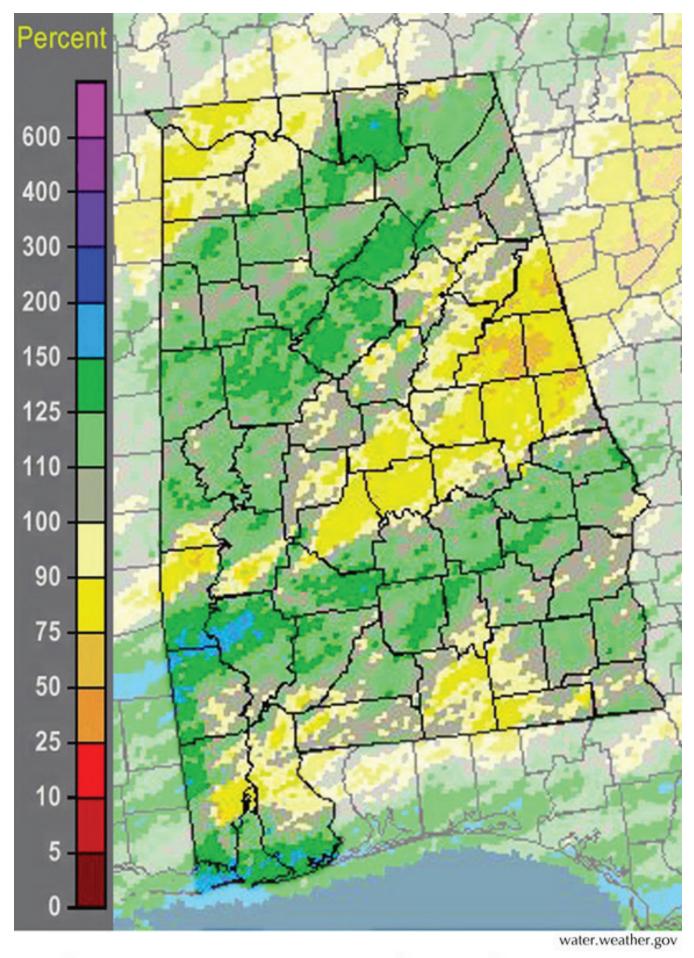


Lawn-and-Garden Moisture Index for March 3, 2014



-2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0





Feb. 2014 NWS percentage of normal precipitation

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